

JAPAN'S TERMS READY.

Continued from first page.

for this, it is now explained in an authoritative quarter, is that Japan wishes to be assured that Russia is prepared to negotiate in seriousness for peace before the Japanese commanders yield any of their ground in the field or give the Russians time to increase their forces at the front.

The President, however, has not ceased his efforts in this direction, and it is believed that when Baron Komura goes to Oyster Bay in advance of his formal presentation it will be for the purpose of discussing this phase of the negotiations.

ENVOY'S QUIET DAY.

Baron Komura Rests—Mr. Takahira Finds It Difficult to See Him.

Baron Komura spent his second day in New-York quietly. After a late breakfast he went for a walk. After his return he remained in his apartments at the Waldorf-Astoria the remainder of the day. He posed for several newspaper photographers, but adhered to his determination not to talk for publication. To-night Baron Komura and his suite will be entertained at dinner by Baron Kurekita at the Metropolitan Club. It will be an informal and private affair.

When Minister Takahira returned from Oyster Bay yesterday afternoon he went directly to the fourth floor of the Waldorf-Astoria, where the Komura party is housed, and on leaving the elevator started for the baron's apartments. There is a woman clerk on every floor at the Waldorf-Astoria. The young woman on the fourth floor stopped Mr. Takahira with a stern "Whom do you wish to see?"

"Baron Komura," replied the Minister.

"You will have to send your card in first," came from the watchful clerk, in an even more severe tone.

Mr. Takahira enjoyed the situation of being prevented from seeing his colleague. With a twinkle in his eye, he said in his most persuasive tone:

"But I know Baron Komura very well. He is a good friend of mine."

"It makes no difference. I have my instructions," was the answer.

The man who is to play an important part in the peace conference saw that his diplomacy was ineffective here. He thought for a moment and then said:

"I am the Japanese Minister at Washington."

The young woman relented.

"Oh," was all she said, and then she called a bellboy to conduct Mr. Takahira to Baron Komura's room.

M. WITTE ON WAY HERE.

Russian Peace Envoy Leaves Paris for the United States.

Paris, July 26.—M. Witte, M. Martens and a number of officials making up the Russian peace plenipotentiary's party left the St. Lazare Railroad station at 9:20 o'clock this morning for Cherbourg to board the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse for New-York. Many officials and diplomats gathered at the station, including Ambassadors Nelidoff and Cassini and M. Roussakoff, the Russian financial agent. M. Witte remained on the platform smoking a cigarette and chatting with the Ambassadors until the train pulled out. M. Lépine, the Prefect of Police, remained beside M. Witte until his departure. Mme. Witte and her daughter accompanied M. Witte to Cherbourg. Thence they will go to Brussels and remain there during the conference.

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse is crowded with homeward bound Americans, and there are many American and European journalists on board.

PEACE ENVOY DETAINED.

Steamer, Expected at Cherbourg, Fogbound—To Sail To-day.

Cherbourg, France, July 27.—M. Witte has not left Cherbourg owing to the non-arrival of the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which was fogbound at Southampton. He expects to sail early this evening.

The senior Russian peace plenipotentiary and his party are spending the night at the Hotel Casino. A long dispatch in cipher was forwarded to St. Petersburg.

CRUISERS TO CONVEY ENVOYS.

Admiral Sigbee to Receive His Instructions To-day.

Washington, July 26.—Rear Admiral Sigbee, commanding the third division of the North Atlantic fleet, will come to Washington to-morrow, by direction of the Navy Department, to receive full instructions as to the programme for conveying the peace envoys of Russia and Japan to Oyster Bay. It was said to-day that two vessels for this purpose will be selected from the cruisers Chattanooga, Tacoma and Galveston and that one of these will act as a convoy to the Mayflower and the Dolphin when they convey the plenipotentiaries to Portsmouth. Mr. Peirce, Third Assistant Secretary of State, was in conference to-day with the Navy Department officials with reference to the details of the trip. Mr. Peirce will leave Washington to-morrow for Portsmouth.

SEEKS FAVORABLE TERMS FOR COREA.

San Francisco, July 26.—P. K. Yoon, who is on his way to Washington for the purpose of acting as an official delegate appointed to look after the interests of Corea during the peace negotiations, arrived here on the steamer Alameda from Honolulu yesterday. Mr. Yoon is a minister of the Korean Methodist Church in Honolulu. He was disinclined to talk freely about his mission, as he feared that the expression of his sentiments might cause some ill feeling among the Japanese. He stated, however, that the object was to get the most favorable terms for Corea for the present, with a view of obtaining independence in the future.

FEMALE SUFFRAGE IN AUSTRALIA.

Melbourne, July 26.—The Victorian Assembly to-day passed a bill granting the elective franchise to women.

GERMAN CONTRACT AT TANGIER.

Tangier, July 26.—The Sultan on July 26 signed a contract for the construction by a German firm of a stone pier at Tangier. The Foreign Office will pay for it within three years, when the government will become the sole proprietor.

Active Brains

Must have proper FOOD or nervous prostration surely follows.

Grape-Nuts

There's a reason.

MEETS PRESIDENT TO-DAY.

Mr. Takahira Arranges for Reception of Baron Komura.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Oyster Bay, July 26.—Baron Jutarō Komura, the Japanese Minister for Foreign Affairs and the principal peace plenipotentiary for his country, will call on President Roosevelt to-morrow afternoon. Mr. Takahira, the Japanese Minister, came here from New-York to-day to arrange for the meeting, and will accompany Baron Komura when he visits Sagamore Hill. The visit of the Japanese peace envoys will be informal, and they will take luncheon with President and Mrs. Roosevelt.

M. Witte, the chief Russian peace envoy, who started to-day for America, and is due to arrive about next Tuesday, will probably be escorted to Oyster Bay by Baron Rosen some day before the formal reception of the plenipotentiaries. When the President meets Baron Komura and Count Witte he will have become acquainted with all the peace commissioners individually, and the reception he will give them when they come to Oyster Bay will be informal. Although the details have not been completed, the President has decided to receive the plenipotentiaries on the yacht Mayflower, instead of at Sagamore Hill. The envoys will come to Oyster Bay from New-York on warships provided by the government, and after being presented to the President on the deck of the Mayflower, will go to the cabin, where the speech-making will take place. The President will probably entertain the plenipotentiaries and their suites at luncheon. In spite of the fact that it is the President's desire to dispense with all unnecessary formalities, the glittering orders of the plenipotentiaries, the uniforms of the American officers, and, above all, the fact that they come to settle one of the greatest wars of modern times will conspire to lend an atmosphere of pomp that no amount of American democracy can overcome.

Mr. Takahira said, after his visit to Sagamore Hill, where he took luncheon with the President, that he had no other errand of importance here.

"Have you received any dispatches of importance from your government?" he was asked as he boarded his train.

"That I cannot deny," he replied, "but I have nothing of importance to make public."

In addition to the Japanese Minister the President this afternoon received Congressman W. W. Cook, of New-York; Bishop J. W. Hood, of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, and the Rev. Dr. Gaskell, pastor of the local colored church.

The President and his boys enjoyed another camping expedition last night, starting from Sagamore Hill in the afternoon and returning shortly after breakfast this morning. The outing was similar to that of last week, and it is expected that they will make a number of such excursions this summer.

BARON ROSEN'S PLANS CHANGED.

Not Coming Here Until Next Week—Members of Russian Peace Commission.

Manchester, Mass., July 26.—Baron Rosen, the Russian Ambassador, who is spending the summer at Magnolia, announced to-night that he would not go to New-York on Friday, as he had intended, to await the arrival of M. Witte. He will postpone his departure for New-York until early next week in order to avoid spending several days in the city while awaiting the arrival of M. Witte's steamer. Prince Koudacheff, of the embassy staff, will go to New-York to-morrow to make arrangements for the reception of M. Witte.

Baron Rosen to-night gave out the following revised list of the members of the Russian peace commission: M. Witte, first plenipotentiary; Baron Rosen, second plenipotentiary; officials of the Foreign Office, Privy Councillor Martens, the Minister to China, M. Pokotiloff, the First Secretary of the Embassy, Theodore Hansen, M. de Plancon, M. de Jerossovetz, Prince Koudacheff and M. Nabokoff; officials of the Treasury Department, Privy Councillor Shipoff and M. Vilen-Hne; officers of the General Staff, Major General Yermoloff and Colonel Samoyloff, representing the army, and Captain Roussine, representing the navy.

AN OPERATION ON ROJESTVENSKY.

Wound on Head Reopened and Piece of Bone Removed.

Tokio, July 26.—Vice Admiral Rojstvensky has undergone a successful operation. A wound on his forehead was reopened and a small piece of bone was removed. His condition is considered satisfactory.

THE RUSSO-AMERICAN TARIFF.

Negotiations Reopened by Mr. Meyer—Hope of Speedy Agreement.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—Negotiations for the improvement of the Russo-American tariff relations are now going on with better chances of success. Ambassador Meyer has succeeded in brushing aside the customary barriers, taking up the matter of discriminating duties on American imports levied in retaliation for the imposition of a countervailing duty by the United States on Russian sugars, directly with the Ministry of Finance. The Ambassador had an interview yesterday with Finance Minister Kokovoff. This will be followed by a number of conferences. The advance of the negotiations for a French commercial treaty makes a speedy arrangement desirable.

MR. CHURCHILL'S MOVE BLOCKED.

House Refuses Introduction of Bill Shortening Life of Parliament.

London, July 26.—The House of Commons to-day refused to permit Winston Spencer Churchill to introduce a bill limiting the life of Parliament to five instead of seven years. Mr. Churchill explained that the bill would give fuller popular control of the executive. He said there was a growing diminution of Parliamentary authority over the government, and by this mechanical arrangement more frequent appeals to the country would be of national advantage. The proposal was defeated by 250 to 176 votes.

NEW NAVY WANTED IN CHINA.

Congress May Be Asked to Appropriates Large Sum for Warships.

Valparaiso, July 26.—It is rumored that the naval court has resolved to recommend to Congress the reconstruction of the Chilean navy, to begin with the building in Great Britain of four battleships of 12,000 tons each.

CHINESE SEEK TO ANNUL GRANT.

Move by Natives to Construct Soo-Chow and Ning-Po Railway.

Shanghai, July 26.—One hundred and sixty leading merchants of Che-Kiang province have informed the Board of Foreign Affairs that they have subscribed enough money to build the Soo-Chow, Hang-Chow and Ning-Po Railway without foreign assistance. They petition the board to cancel any concession to foreigners.

KAISER TO VISIT DANISH KING.

Copenhagen, July 26.—A formal intimation was received by the court this morning of Emperor William's intention to visit King Christian at an early date.

RUSSIA STILL IN TUMULT.

FIGHTING AT NOVGOROD.

Two Hundred Arrests at Lodz—Odessa Jews in Peril.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—The disorders at Nijni Novgorod have now lasted four days, with daily collisions between the rival camps into which the workmen and the rioters have divided. There has been no general riot since Sunday's five hours' fray.

According to the government's advice, twelve men were killed and three were fatally wounded on Monday and Tuesday nights. On Sunday night a bomb was thrown against the schoolhouse in the suburb of Sormovo, where a detachment of soldiers was quartered. The thrower of the bomb was killed.

A feud appears to exist between the Socialist workmen in the Sormovo district and the stevedores, brickmakers and cabdrivers. The factions invade each other's territory and fight with revolvers and clubs.

Lodz, July 26.—Two thousand five hundred men in the Geyers Cotton Mill struck to-day because their foreman was discharged. The strikers are threatening to destroy the mill. They made a demonstration this afternoon, but were dispersed by Cossacks, who arrested two hundred persons.

Odessa, July 26.—The Governor of Odessa has issued a proclamation which, when posted in the city to-morrow, may have the effect of increasing the already bitter feeling against the Jews among the troops and ignorant classes. The Governor says he has received a number of anonymous letters denouncing persons as socialists and revolutionaries. He ignores them, believing that in most cases these communications were inspired by motives of personal vengeance. The proclamation adds that letters have also come from the Jews, charging the police with preparing a Jewish massacre.

The Governor says that such action will not be permitted, but he adds:

The Governor is astonished at the Jews addressing such letters to him, seeing that it is the Jews themselves who caused all the disorders. The police, invariably found with bombs and prohibited literature in Jewish houses. Except for the Jews there would be no disturbances and no Khasid Polemnik affair. Now the Jews have the impudence to bring charges against the police.

KAISER'S ALLEGED AIM.

To Put German Prince on Norway's Throne—Russia's Reward.

London, July 27.—The correspondent of "The Daily Mail" at Stockholm says:

The object of Emperor William's interview with Emperor Nicholas was to obtain the consent of the latter for a prince of the House of Hohenzollern to ascend the throne of Norway. It is possible that the Russian Emperor will consent, provided Russia be permitted to rectify slightly her frontier on the Atlantic.

"The Daily Mail," commenting on the dispatch, suggests that the "rectified frontier" means that Russia wants to acquire the strip of Norwegian territory which parts Finland from the Arctic Ocean, thus gaining a seaport.

RIKSDAG TAKES ACTION.

Committee's Attitude Toward Norway Reported Approved.

Stockholm, July 26.—Both houses of the Riksdag held secret sessions to-day to discuss the report of the special committee appointed by the Riksdag to deal with the rupture between Norway and Sweden. It is understood that the report was approved in principle.

Some regret is expressed at the resignation of the Swedish government before the Riksdag had acted on the committee's report, as it is feared it may impede progress toward a solution of the difficulties.

MR. REDMOND WEAKENS.

Protests May Cause Nationalists to Cease Obstruction Tactics.

London, July 27.—John Redmond, the Nationalist leader, and his followers continued their obstruction tactics of blocking private bills in the House of Commons yesterday, but according to "The Morning Post," as the result of remonstrances which have reached them from all parts of the country, representing the injustice which such tactics inflict on a large body of workmen, they have decided to withdraw all further opposition to such bills.

TWO ATTEMPTS TO SWIM CHANNEL.

Englishman and Australian Woman Fail—Eight Men in Training.

Dover, July 26.—Edward Heaton, of Liverpool, started from here this morning in an attempt to swim the Channel, his intention being to land near Calais. The conditions were favorable. Heaton became ill after six hours' swimming. He covered about a third of the distance.

Miss Annette Kellerman, an Australian, also made the attempt, but after being in the water five hours was overcome. She had outdistanced Heaton by a mile when compelled to abandon the attempt. Eight aspirants to the honor of swimming the Channel are in training.

TWO ARRESTS BEFORE BALTIC SAILS.

Alleged Boarding House Thief and Elderly Austrian Taken from Ship.

The White Star liner Baltic, before she sailed yesterday, was the scene of two arrests, which caused considerable excitement. The order to lift the gangway had just been given when two policemen ran into the steerage and arrested Stephen Menchinsky. They said he was Radoslaw Scarlet, wanted in various places for looting boarding houses. He was arrested on the complaint of John Koranovsky, who declares he stole a gold watch and \$200 from him. They had been rooming together in Hempstead, Long Island. At the police station it was found the man was wanted in Rochester and other towns on similar charges.

MASSACHUSETTS SAVINGS INCREASE.

Deposits Are 51 Per Cent More in the Last Ten Years.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Boston, July 26.—The latest statistics of Massachusetts savings banks, covering ten years, show that savings bank deposits increased in that period from \$16,738,967 to \$25,312,399, a gain of \$8,573,432, or 51 per cent in ten years. This is an average of \$1,460 a year. The number of separate savings bank deposits increased from 1,347,090 to 1,396,644, a gain of 36,554, or 2 per cent, an average of over \$2,000 a year.

Massachusetts now has over 21 per cent of the entire amount of savings in banks in the United States, and 24 per cent of the accounts. The State is only surpassed in amount of deposits and number of accounts by New-York, and has \$25,000,000 in deposits more than Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Illinois and Iowa combined.

POISON JUNGLE FOLK.

Continued from first page.

animals were badly swollen and they displayed all the evidence of arsenic poisoning.

Besides the dead animals, a Malay sun bear and a great ant-eater were suffering from convulsions, but did not die. In the food and water troughs of the animals hundreds of dead flies were found.

The dead animals were sent to the animal morgue to prevent infection. Curator Ditmars, who was in charge for the day, reported the facts to Caldwell, the head keeper, who turned them over to Director Hornaday. Dr. Blair was told what had happened. Blair is said to have gone to Caldwell and accused him of ruining his reputation.

Caldwell was so incensed that he informed Dr. Blair that he had no reputation to lose. Caldwell then resigned.

Director Hornaday appealed to him to remain, but Caldwell refused, and sent his resignation directly to the New-York Zoological Society. Instead of to Hornaday, as is usually done.

When Hornaday asked him not to resign Caldwell said that it would be impossible for him to stand by and see animals die and have his reputation destroyed through the folly of others. The list of animals and the death rate in the Zoo are always accessible to animal trainers and circus men and others to whom Caldwell must look for employment.

For three years Caldwell was the keeper for the late Sultan of Johore in the Malay States. He was with Bostock's animal show for two years, and has been one year at the zoological park.

ARSON CHARGES IN CUBA.

Vueltas Fire Leads to Arrest of Prominent Fusion Leader.

Havana, July 26.—Colonel Orestes Ferrara, a prominent attorney of Havana and a lieutenant of Governor Gomez, the Fusion candidate for President, was arrested at Cienfuegos last night and taken to Remedios by rural guards on the complaint of the Remedios court, alleging his implication in the burning of the municipal buildings at Vueltas. Several Fusion Congressmen are reported to be implicated, but Congressmen enjoy immunity from arrest.

POTTERY TRUST FORMED.

East Liverpool, Ohio, Headquarters of \$40,000,000 Combination.

East Liverpool, Ohio, July 26.—A combination that will practically control the tableware and china trade of this country has virtually been effected and a pottery trust with \$40,000,000 capital is regarded by interested manufacturers in this city as an accomplished fact. Promoters have been working upon the proposed consolidation since last May, and it is now announced that more than 75 per cent of the kiln capacity of all the tableware plants in the country stand ready to enter the deal.

Three well known Philadelphia banks are backing the deal. But one large plant in this city, the Homer Laughlin China Company, with thirty-two kilns, is withholding from the combination, and the Sebring, who run three plants at Sebring, Ohio, are also out of it. This city is to be the headquarters of the new combination, which will build a large office building here.

BOLT FELS WOMEN.

Knocks Them from Carriage and Stuns the Horses.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Denver, July 26.—While driving up the Arkansas Valley from Salida to Buena Vista, Mrs. Geneva Cornthers, a New-York woman, and her two daughters, were suddenly thrown from their carriage by a bolt of lightning, which tore the top off the vehicle. Their horses were knocked down and it was several minutes before they could rise. By this time Mrs. Cornthers had recovered from the shock sufficiently to quiet the animals.

She then devoted herself to restoring her daughters to consciousness. The three women managed to fix the carriage so that it would carry them and drove to Buena Vista. They refused to talk about the accident and said they would go on to California to-morrow.

LIGHTER SINKS TUGBOAT.

Crew Nearly Drown—Engineer Crawls from Hold as Boat Goes Down.

The tugboat Robert White was run into yesterday morning off the Battery seawall by the New-York Central Railroad lighter No. 15. It sank in almost a moment. Captain Frank Sinclair, the engineer, Parks, and two hands aboard the tug were thrown into the water and narrowly escaped drowning. The captain jumped through the pilot house window as the tug was sinking, and the engineer crawled out of the hold just as that section was being flooded. The hands jumped overboard and swam to nearby vessels.

Both vessels were going up the East River. Captain Sinclair says the lighter could have avoided the collision, or at least have shored off quickly to prevent the tug's sinking.

The lighter struck the tugboat on the stern, near the port side, and the tugboat keeled over to the starboard side and sank. The crew of the lighter went to the rescue of the tug's crew. The United States revenue cutter Calumet and a lot of other craft hurried to the scene. Parks was lifted into the cutter. Captain Sinclair and the others of the crew were picked up by the tug. The lighter reported to the harbor police that there had been no carelessness on its part.

BRYAN WANTS CITIES TO OWN PHONES.

Also Declares That Counties Should Control Rural Systems.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Lima, Ohio, July 26.—William Jennings Bryan to-night, in an interview, declared for municipal ownership of telephones.

"A city should have only one telephone system," he said. "More than one works an unnecessary hardship upon the business and professional people, who are forced to rent two or three telephones, when one should be sufficient. One system of rural telephone service is sufficient, and that should be owned by the county. The city should own its system."

EX-DETECTIVE FEARS VENGEANCE.

Suspects Attempt by Man He Arrested to Steal Jewelry Valued at \$25,000.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Minneapolis, July 26.—A. M. Shepard, of Chicago, a representative of the A. C. Becker Company, Jewellers, thinks that some one is trying to steal jewelry valued at \$25,000 which he has in his room at the West Hotel. Mr. Shepard was formerly a detective of the Jewellers' Protective Association, and caught one of the alleged Pollock diamond robbers at Sioux City. Since that time he has received many threatening letters.

On Tuesday night, when he called at the hotel counter for the key to his room, he found it was not there. He rushed up to the room, but found the sampler safe. He said to-day:

"I have always been afraid of a certain Omaha man, and have lived for the last eight years in constant apprehension that he would carry out a threat to 'do me' when he got a chance. When I lost my key on Tuesday the affair was brought to mind, and I believed that the man's henchmen are following me to this day."

**Automobile Tournament**  
ON ACCOUNT OF RAIN ON SATURDAY LAST THE CONTEST ON THE  
**CAPE MAY BEACH**  
WILL OCCUR AT 10 A. M.  
**SATURDAY NEXT, JULY 29, 1905,**  
WHEN CHRISTIE AND HIS "BLACK FLEET"  
WILL TRY FOR THE WORLD'S MILE RECORD.  
A NUMBER OF OTHER INTERESTING EVENTS.  
TRAINS LEAVE WEST 33D STREET STATION VIA  
**PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD**  
AT 10.55 A. M., 12.55 P. M. AND 3.10 P. M. WEEK DAYS.  
12.10 MIDNIGHT DAILY, 9.35 A. M. SATURDAYS ONLY.  
**EXCURSION TICKETS ON SALE.**  
SPEED TESTS MAY BE VIEWED FROM THE BOARDWALK WITHOUT CHARGE.  
J. R. WOOD,  
Passenger Traffic Manager.  
GEO. W. ROYD,  
General Freight Agent.

NAVAL COURT TO MEET. HAD MOTHER ARRESTED.

Investigation of Bennington Disaster Will Begin Promptly.

Washington, July 26.—Rear Admiral Goodrich, commander in chief of the Pacific Station, is expected to arrive at San Diego to-morrow on his flagship, the Chicago, and the Navy Department expects him to convene a court of inquiry or a board of officers, and begin the investigation into the Bennington disaster without delay. It was said at the department to-day that a dispatch from Captain Drake, in which he referred to a telegram from Admiral Goodrich, indicated that the admiral fully understands that the department desires him to institute a searching investigation. Precautions have been taken by the department to preserve existing conditions on the Bennington until after the arrival of Admiral Goodrich. It was explained that orders had been sent not to disturb the boilers and to have them remain just as they were after the explosion.

The steam log of the Bennington, covering the quarter ended June 30, which came to the department yesterday, was carefully scanned by the officials to-day, but no statement was forthcoming as to what light it might shed. Secretary Bonaparte, who has been advised in a general way of its substance, is having a memorandum of the facts shown by the log prepared for him, so that he may more carefully consider them.

Washington, July 26.—It was said at the Navy Department that the transfer of the bodies of those who perished on the Bennington to the homes of relatives will be made as rapidly as possible, but some delay must be expected since there are certain health regulations to be complied with in the cases of bodies already buried. The Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, to which all requests for the transportation of bodies are referred, is using every effort to expedite the work. An appropriation is available for such transportation.

The following was received at the Navy Department to-day from Lieutenant Commander De Farmand, the naval attaché of the French Embassy, at Manchester, Mass.:

The Minister of Marine of France, M. Thomson, directs me to convey to you his sincere sympathy, as well as that of the personnel of the French Navy, on the occasion of the sad accident to the Bennington, which has cost so many noble lives to your navy.

Secretary Bonaparte's reply follows:

The department, on behalf of the navy of the United States, deeply appreciates the sympathy expressed by the Minister of the Marine of France upon the occasion of the disaster to the Bennington, and requests that you transmit to him his gratitude for his message.

Captain Drake, at San Diego, reported the death to-day of S. Takata, wardroom cook of the Bennington.

ONLY ONE BOILER EXPLODED.

The Bennington To Be Towed to San Francisco—Hull Slightly Damaged.

San Diego, Cal., July 26.—The gunboat Bennington is again afloat on an even keel, and will be towed by the Iris to the Mare Island Navy Yard, at San Francisco, to be thoroughly examined and repaired. The naval tug Fortune will escort the Bennington and the Iris, but it is now doubtful whether the convoy will get away before the arrival of the Chicago. Divers are making an examination of the Bennington's hull to-day.

Admiral Goodrich is expected to arrive on his flagship to-night or early to-morrow, when an official investigation of the disaster will be begun. Much interest centres on the question of what was the steam pressure on boiler B at the time of the explosion, it being said that the safety valve had been set to blow off at 140 pounds. Ten minutes before the explosion the pressure was only 118 pounds and was rising, it is said. The boiler had been cleaned only a short time before the explosion, and filled with fresh water from shore.

Only one boiler exploded. An examination of the inside of the ship shows that the hull has been damaged little, if any. The water which poured in and caused the listing came through the blow hole and pipes broken by the force of the explosion. The entry of water is now under control, and no difficulty is expected in making the vessel sufficiently seaworthy to stand the trip to Mare Island.

Another death among the injured of the Bennington's crew has occurred. The victim being W. V. Kennedy. The body will be taken to Alliance, Neb., where he formerly lived. The investigation of the disaster conducted by Commander Young and Lieutenant Yates and Wade has been concluded, and a report is being prepared to be forwarded to Washington.

BATHING SUITS BARRED.

Far Rockaway Police Say They Must Be Kept Off Streets.

"No more bathing suits on the streets," is the decree of the Far Rockaway policemen. Yesterday Samuel Rosenthal left a bathing pavilion clad only in the clinging garments of the surf. Patrolman Robert Rau met him and said that his appearance was indecent. Rosenthal told the policeman to mind his own business. Then trouble came. Rau attempted to arrest Rosenthal, who resisted, and in the mix-up Rosenthal was hit over the head. Finally both got to the station house, where Rosenthal charged the policeman with assault and the policeman pointed to the indecent exposure of the man in the bathing suit.

Rau said that Rosenthal had tried to hit him over the head with a beer can, and that a number of Rosenthal's friends had stoned him. All of Rosenthal's friends who were present swore that the policeman had used unnecessary violence. Both men were discharged.

**On a Summer Evening**  
try a lemonade made of  
**Londonderry**  
LITHIA WATER.  
A glass of plain Londonderry is sufficient to many because of its own delicious flavor.